

# DRA7xx GLSDK 7.01.00.03 Data Sheet

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# Read This First

All performance numbers provided in this document are gathered using DRA75x Evaluation Module with A15 running at 1500Mhz and DDR3 configured at 532MHz and DRA72x Evaluation module with A15 running at 1000Mhz and DDR3 configured at 666Mhz

## About This Manual

This document provides a feature overview and performance data for each of the device drivers which are part of the **GLSDK 7.01.00.03 Release** package. This document should be used in conjunction with the release notes provided with the GLSDK package for information on specific issues present with drivers included in a particular release.

## U-Boot Overview

### Boot Modes Supported

Green colored box in the table below means that the particular boot mode is supported on the device in the release.

**DRA7xx Supported Boot Modes**

Boot Mode	DRA7xx Evaluation Module (EVM)
QSPI Flash	Yes
MMC/SD	Yes
eMMC Boot	Yes
UART Boot	No
NOR Flash	No
EMAC Boot	No
USB Boot	No

**Note:** These are supported boot modes in GLSDK software, the actual hardware may support many more boot modes than shown here. Please refer to hardware documentation for list of all supported boot modes.

### U-Boot Features Supported

U-Boot is the defacto bootloader for Linux kernel on ARM. The following features of U-Boot are supported in this release.

**U-Boot supported feature table**

Feature	DRA7xx (Evaluation Module)
UART	Yes
Ethernet Download (TFTP)	Yes
MMC/SD	Yes
QSPI Flash	Yes
eMMC	Yes

### Memory Section Details

**MMC/SD bootmode 1st Stage Memory Section on DRA7xx**

Memory Section	Size( in bytes)
.text	50292
.rodata	21183
.data	2144
.bss	196924

- MMC/SD bootmode u-boot 1st Stage (MLO) size: 74364 bytes

**MMC/SD bootmode 2nd Stage Memory Section on DRA7xx**

Memory Section	Size( in bytes)
.text	249956
.rodata	23130
.data	9518
.bss	8709408

- MMC/SD bootmode u-boot 2nd Stage (u-boot.img) size: 365664 bytes

# Linux Kernel

## Kernel Virtual Memory Layout (DRA75x)

The default DRA7xx kernel configuration, uses following Virtual Memory laout:

```
[ 0.000000] Memory: 1354144K/1566720K available (6583K kernel code, 686K rwdata, 2404K rodata, 372K init, 266K bss, 212576K reserved, 792576K highmem)
[ 0.000000] Virtual kernel memory layout:
[ 0.000000]   vector : 0xffff0000 - 0xffff1000   (   4 kB)
[ 0.000000]   fixmap : 0xffff0000 - 0xffffe000   ( 896 kB)
[ 0.000000]   vmalloc : 0xf0000000 - 0xff000000   (240 MB)
[ 0.000000]   lowmem  : 0xc0000000 - 0xef800000   (760 MB)
[ 0.000000]   pkmap   : 0xbfe00000 - 0xc0000000   (   2 MB)
[ 0.000000]   modules : 0xbf000000 - 0xbfe00000   (  14 MB)
[ 0.000000]     .text : 0xc0080000 - 0xc08cf0cc   (8989 kB)
[ 0.000000]     .init : 0xc08d0000 - 0xc092d1c0   ( 373 kB)
[ 0.000000]     .data : 0xc092e000 - 0xc09d9860   ( 687 kB)
[ 0.000000]     .bss : 0xc09d986c - 0xc0a1c314   ( 267 kB)
```

## Kernel Virtual Memory Layout (DRA72x)

The default DRA7xx kernel configuration, uses following Virtual Memory layout:

```
[ 0.000000] Memory: 841488K/1041408K available (6495K kernel code, 410K rwdata, 2500K rodata, 312K init, 268K bss, 199920K reserved, 267264K highmem)
[ 0.000000] Virtual kernel memory layout:
[ 0.000000]   vector : 0xffff0000 - 0xffff1000   (   4 kB)
[ 0.000000]   fixmap : 0xffff0000 - 0xffffe000   ( 896 kB)
[ 0.000000]   vmalloc : 0xf0000000 - 0xff000000   (240 MB)
[ 0.000000]   lowmem  : 0xc0000000 - 0xef800000   (760 MB)
[ 0.000000]   pkmap   : 0xbfe00000 - 0xc0000000   (   2 MB)
[ 0.000000]   modules : 0xbf000000 - 0xbfe00000   (  14 MB)
[ 0.000000]     .text : 0xc0080000 - 0xc08d10c4   (8997 kB)
[ 0.000000]     .init : 0xc08d2000 - 0xc09201c0   ( 313 kB)
[ 0.000000]     .data : 0xc0922000 - 0xc0988820   ( 411 kB)
[ 0.000000]     .bss : 0xc098882c - 0xc099cb8c   ( 269 kB)
```

## Boot-time Measurement

Boot-time measurement was done using Grabserial tool(<http://elinux.org/Grabserial>). U-Boot environment variable bootargs is set to 'elevator=noop console=tty00,115200n8 root=/dev/mmcblk1p2 rw rootwait fixrtc omapdrm.num\_crtc=2 consoleblank=0 cma=64M rootfstype=ext4'. In general kernel boot-up time alone is ~15 secs. The following table summarizes the boot-up cycle of different stages in QSPI boot mode.

QSPI Boot Cycle Measurement (DRA75X)		
Module	Stages	Time (sec)
UBoot		0.394
	Kernel init	4.33
	Kernel init fs	10.5
Total Boot-time		15.2

We have not benchmarked the boot times on DRA72x for this release of GLSDK.

QSPI Boot Cycle Measurement (DRA72X)		
Module	Stages	Time (sec)
UBoot		
	Kernel init	
	Kernel init fs	
Total Boot-time		

## Carveout size and location

Below table lists the size and memory of areas that are set aside from the Linux memory map for use by remotecores. This information is taken from \$GLSDK/board-support/linux/arch/arm/boot/dts/dra7-evm.dts.

Remotecore	Start Address	Carveout size(MB)
IPU2	0x95800000	56
DSP1	0x99000000	64
IPU1	0x9d000000	32
DSP2	0x9f000000	8

There is also an additional carveout set aside for use by the CMEM allocator. This memory region can be used to transfer data between remotecores and MPU without doing a data copy. This information is taken from \$GLSDK/board-support/linux/arch/arm/boot/dts/dra7xx-jamr3.dtsi.

Purpose	Start Address	Carveout size(MB)
CMEM	0x95400000	4

## Linux Kernel Drivers

This section provides brief overview of the device drivers supported in the Linux Kernel of the GLSDK release package.

### Device Driver List

The following table list the various device drivers supported and the device they are supported on. On detailed information on specific features or limitations of a particular driver, refer to the chapter catering to that driver in this document.

Peripheral Driver Support			
Peripheral	Description	Linux driver type	DMA usage
Audio (McASP)	Audio Record and Playback	ALSA SoC	sDMA / eDMA
Ethernet	Ethernet Network driver	Netdev	Internal DMA
USB1 DWC3(DRD)-SS/HS/FS/LS	DWC3 Device & xhci host controller driver	USB HCD/DCD	USB Internal DMA
USB2 DWC3(DRD)-HS/FS/LS	DWC3 Device & xhci host controller driver	USB HCD/DCD	USB Internal DMA
QSPI Flash/Controller Driver	Flash storage system	MTD Block	Not Supported
eMMC/SD/MMC	Interface to MultiMedia Secure Digital cards	Block	SDMA
UART	Serial Communication Interface	Character	Supported
I2C	Inter-IC Communication	Character	Not Supported
DSS	Display Subsystem driver	Platform driver	Internal DMA
VIP	Video IP driver	V4L2 Capture	VPDMA
VPE	Video Processing Engine driver	V4L2 Mem to Mem	VPDMA
CPUFreq	Supports multiple SoC operating levels for MPU(OPPs)	NA	None
RTC	Realtime clock	Character	None

## ALSA SoC Audio Driver

This section an overview of the ALSA SoC audio driver features along with the throughput and CPU load numbers.

### Introduction

DRA7xx Audio driver complies to the Advanced Linux Sound Architecture (ALSA) System on Chip (SoC) framework (ASoC).

The ASoC framework splits an embedded audio system into three components:

- **Codec driver:** The codec driver is generic and hardware independent code that configures the audio codec to provide audio capture and playback. It should contain no code that is specific to the target platform or machine.
- **Platform driver:** The platform driver can be divided into audio DMA and SoC Digital Audio Interface (DAI) configuration and control. The platform driver only targets the SoC CPU and must have no board specific code.
- **Machine driver:** The ASoC machine (or board) driver is the code that glues together the platform and codec drivers. It can contain codec and platform specific code. It registers the audio subsystem with the kernel as a platform device.

### Driver Features

The driver supports the following features:

- 1. Supports AIC3106 audio codec in ALSA SoC framework.
- 2. Sample rate support - 44.1kHz for both capture and playback.
- 3. Supports audio in stereo mode
- 4. Supports simultaneous playback and record (full-duplex mode).
- 5. Supports mixer interface for the audio codec

Features Not Supported

- 1. OSS based applications, which use ALSA-OSS emulation layer, are not supported.
- 2. Synthesizer and midi interfaces are not supported.

Constraints

Supported System Calls

Refer ALSA project - the C library reference [1] (<http://www.alsa-project.org/alsa-doc/alsa-lib/>) for API calls.

Performance and Benchmarks

- 1. Access type - RW\_INTERLEAVED
- 2. Channels - 2
- 3. Format - S16\_LE
- 4. Period size - 64

Audio Capture				
Sampling Rate (in Hz)	DRA75X		DRA72X	
	Throughput(bits/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Throughput(bits/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
44100	1,172,936.00	0.34	706,163.00	0.70

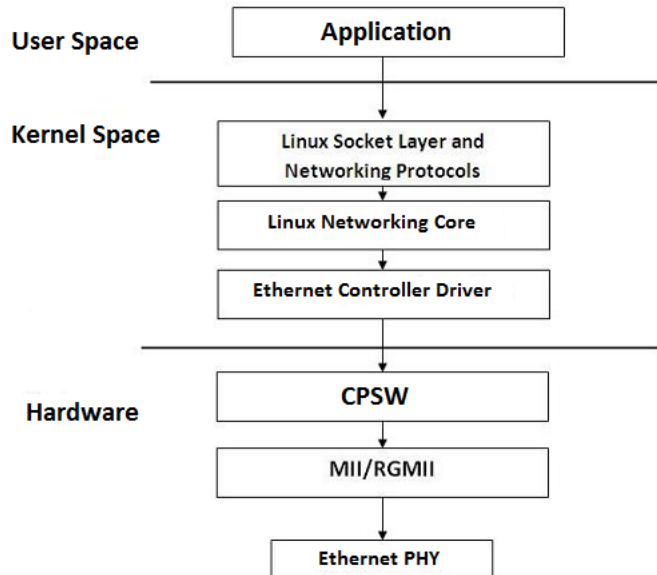
Audio Playback				
Sampling Rate (in Hz)	DRA75X		DRA72X	
	Throughput(bits/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Throughput(bits/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
44100	1,365,132.00	0.35	707,713.00	0.69

Ethernet Driver

This section provides an overview of the Ethernet driver features along with throughput and CPU load numbers. Ethernet driver follows standard Linux network interface architecture.

Introduction

The Ethernet driver supports the Linux netdev interface.



## Driver Features

The driver supports the following features:

1. 10/100/1000 Mbps mode of operation.
2. Auto negotiation.
3. Full duplex and half duplex mode of operation.
4. Linux NAPI support
5. Support for MII and RGMII interfaces to PHY
6. Operation of both external ports as independent network interfaces

\* Enable CONFIG\_ETHERNET through menuconfig (Menu Config->Device Drivers->Network device support & Menu config-> Networking support)

## Features Not Supported

N/A

## Supported System Calls

Supports the socket() and related system calls in accordance with Linux architecture.

## Performance and Benchmarks

**Setup** : Device under test connected to Linux PC through gigabit switch.

DRA75x running @1.5Ghz and DRA72x running @1Ghz

### TCP Performance

Ethernet Port0 TCP - 1000Mbps Mode Performance

TCP Window Size(in KBytes)	DRA75X				DRA72X			
	Without Interrupt Pacing		With Interrupt Pacing		Without Interrupt Pacing		With Interrupt Pacing	
	Throughput Mbps	cpu load (%)	Throughput Mbps	cpu load (%)	Throughput Mbps	cpu load (%)	Throughput Mbps	cpu load (%)
8	435	70	155	17	-	-	-	-
16	631	85	338	38	-	-	-	-
32	770	87	544	46	-	-	-	-
64	954	99	644	52	-	-	-	-
128	998	100	794	76	-	-	-	-
256	998	100	1021	85	-	-	-	-

Note:Throughput reported is cumulative throughput of Tx+Rx collected from concurrent bi-directional test

The performance numbers were captured using the iperf tool. Usage details are mentioned below:

- iperf version 2.0.5
- On PC Host invoke iperf in the server mode.

```
iperf -s
```

- On the DUT iperf is invoked in client mode (bi-directional traffic for 60 seconds).

```
iperf -c <server ip> -w <window size> -d -t 60
```

- Interrupt pacing feature enabled with pacing interval set to 250usecs.

```
ethtool -C eth0 rx-usecs 250
```

- DUT is connected to a gigabit network.

### UDP Performance

For UDP transmit performance, the iperf server instance is started on the PC and client is started from the DUT. Interrupt pacing for 250usecs interval was enabled

**Ethernet Port0 UDP - Transmit Performance on DRA75x**

Bandwidth limit on send(MBits/sec)	Bandwidth measured by server (MBits/sec)	Jitter (milliseconds)	Lost Datagrams (%)	CPU Load (with interrupt pacing, in %)
301	301	0.022	0	24
499	499	0.022	0	38
698	698	0.041	0	44
758	758	0.023	0.006	47

**Ethernet Port0 UDP - Transmit Performance on DRA72x**

Bandwidth limit on send(MBits/sec)	Bandwidth measured by server (MBits/sec)	Jitter (milliseconds)	Lost Datagrams (%)	CPU Load (with interrupt pacing, in %)
295	-	-	-	-
466	-	-	-	-
607	-	-	-	-
648	-	-	-	-

For UDP receive performance, the iperf client instance is started on the PC and server is started on the DUT. Interrupt pacing for 250usecs interval was enabled.

**Ethernet Port0 UDP - Receive Performance on DRA75x**

Bandwidth limit on send(MBits/sec)	Bandwidth measured by server (MBits/sec)	Jitter (milliseconds)	Lost Datagrams (%)	CPU Load (with interrupt pacing, in %)
301	302	0.048	0.022	10
511	509	0.026	0.42	19



734	721	0.016	1.7	23
811	774	0.012	4.6	27

#### Ethernet Port0 UDP - Receive Performance (MTU Size packets)

Bandwidth limit on send(MBits/sec)	Bandwidth measured by server (MBits/sec)	Jitter (milliseconds)	Lost Datagrams (%)	CPU Load (with interrupt pacing, in %)
302	-	-	-	-
511	-	-	-	-
732	-	-	-	-
810	-	-	-	-

- iperf version 2.0.5
- For receive performance, on DUT, invoke iperf in server mode.

```
iperf -s -u
```

- For transmit performance, on DUT, invoke iperf in client mode.

```
iperf -c <server ip> -b <bandwidth limit> -f M -t 60
```

## OMAPDRM/OMAPDSS (Display Subsystem Driver)

### Introduction

The OMAPDRM internally uses OMAPDSS driver interface for configuration of panel drivers and the encoder interface(DPI/HDMI).

#### Menuconfig Option

```
Enable CONFIG_DRM_OMAP through (Menuconfig->Device Drivers->Graphics support)
```

```
Enable CONFIG_OMAP2_DSS_DRA7XX_DPI, CONFIG_OMAP5_DSS_HDMI, CONFIG_OMAP5_DSS_HDMI_DDC through (Menuconfig->Device Drivers->Graphics support->OMAP2+ Display Subsystem support)
```

```
Enable CONFIG_PANEL_TFC59700 through (Menuconfig->Device Drivers->Graphics support->OMAP2+ Display Subsystem support->OMAP2/3 Display Device Drivers)
```

#### Source Location

- omapdss

```
drivers/video/fbdev/omap2/dss/
```

- display drivers

```
drivers/video/fbdev/omap2/displays-new
```

- omapdrm

```
drivers/gpu/drm/omapdrm/
```

### Driver Features

**OMAPDRM Display controller (DISPC)**

DRM Plane Features:

- One Graphics (GFX) and Three Video pipelines (VID1, VID2, and VID3)
- Z-order, Alpha blending (Global, pre-multiplied), Scaler and CSC

DRM CRTIC Features:

- One TV and three LCD Overlay Managers
- Supports 1080p at 60Hz for all CRTICs

**OMAPDRM Interfaces****HDMI Interface**

- HDMI protocol engine
- HDMI 1.4 support

**RGB Interface**

- Supports 24bit LCD Fixed Resolution Panels

**Features Not Supported**

- Rotation/Tiler 2D
- Default BG color, Transparency and color Keys

**Constraints**

- Number of CRTICs must be passed either through bootargs or kernel config, which limits number of free DRM planes.

**Supported System Calls**

All libdrm APIs are supported.

## QSPI Driver

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**Introduction**

This chapter describes the QSPI platform driver & flash driver features and performance numbers (throughput and CPU load).

**QSPI Platform driver feature**

QSPI is a serial driver. Supports 4-Pin single read, 4-Pin single write & 6-Pin quad read. It implements only SPI\_CORE mode & no support for memory mapped interface. Clock phase & polarity configured to mode-3 & functional clock programmed at 48MHz. There is no support for DMA data transfer.

The pointer to TI qspi hardware driver is drivers/spi/spi-ti-qspi.c

\* Enable CONFIG\_SPI\_TI\_QSPI through menuconfig (Menuconfig->Device Drivers->SPI support->DRA7xxx QSPI controller support)

**QSPI Flash driver feature**

Spansion S25FL256S serial flash used on DRA7xx evm. The property of the flash are

- 256 Mbits (32 Mbytes)
- 256 or 512 Byte Page Programming buffer options
- 64KB erase sector size
- Normal, Fast, Dual & Quad

Linux mtd m25p80 used as serial flash device driver for s25FL256S. The driver layer exports API for device info read, sector erase, chip erase, data read & write. It creates the device node for user space access (example, /dev/mtd0)

The pointer to mtd m25p80 flash device driver is drivers/mtd/devices/m25p80.c

\* Enable CONFIG\_MTD\_M25P80 through menuconfig (Menuconfig->Device Drivers->Memory Technology Device(MTD) support ->Self-contained MTD device drivers->Support most SPI Flash chips)

**JFFS2 Filesystem Support**

QSPI flash driver is mtd based block driver. Support to mount JFFS2 filesystem on /dev/mtd0. Validated to mount JFFS2 filesystem & performed basic file IO operations.

There is an exception on remounting the filesystem. It is known limitation in this release.

```

Erase the flash to mount JFFS2 filesystem
$flash_eraseall -j /dev/mtd0

```

```

Mount the serial flash
$mount -t jffs2 /dev/mtdblock01 /mnt/nor

```

```

Create a new file
$echo NewFileCreated > /mnt/nor/testfile.txt

```

```

Read the file
$cat /mnt/nor/testfile.txt

```

```

Delete the file
$rm /mnt/nor/testfile.txt

```

## Performance Benchmark

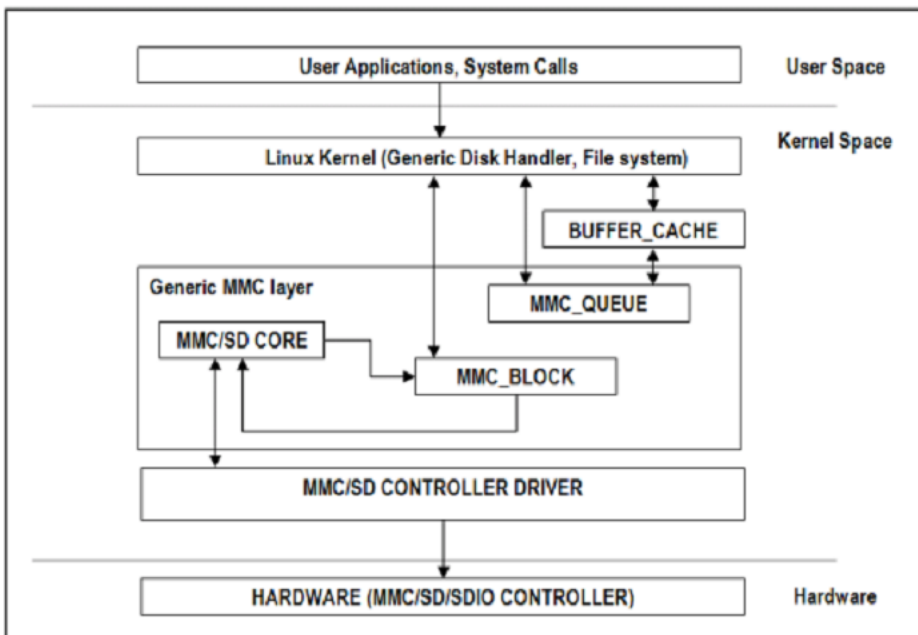
Not available for this release.

## MMC/SD Driver

This chapter provides details on MMC/SD driver along with throughput and CPU load numbers.

### Introduction

The MMC controller provides an interface to external MMC cards that follow the MMC specification v4.0. The MMC driver is implemented as a block driver. Block device nodes (such as /dev/mmcblkp1, /dev/mmcblkp2) are created for user space access.



### Driver Features

The driver supports the following features:

1. MMC/SD native protocol command/response set
2. Single/multiple block data transfers
3. Linux file system and generic MMC layer abstract details of block devices (MMC)
4. High-speed (SDv1.1) and High Capacity (SDv2.0) cards
5. Support for 4 bit modes
6. Support for card detect and Write protect features
7. DMA and polled mode for data transfer operations

### Features Not Supported

1. SPI mode of operation
2. PIO mode of operation
3. Write protection is not supported on the J6 EVM

Constraints

- 1. MMC/SD cards should not be removed when the card is mounted. If done so, data integrity cannot be guaranteed.

Supported System Calls

```
open(),close(),read(),write()
```

Performance and Benchmarks

IMPORTANT

The performance numbers can be severely affected if the media is mounted in sync mode. Hot plug scripts in the filesystem mount removable media in sync mode to ensure data integrity. For performance sensitive applications, umount the auto-mounted filesystem and re-mount in async mode.

- Note: On DRA75x, UHS mode is not supported hence the card is used in high speed mode. which is why the throughput numbers on DRA72x are greater than that of DRA75x.

EXT2 file system

SD - Write Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	
Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	11.80	2.71	-	-
262144	11.52	2.65	-	-
1048576	10.45	2.4	-	-
5242880	11.17	2.93	-	-

SD - Read Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	
Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	39.07	0.77	-	-
262144	21.62	4.44	-	-
1048576	38.8	3.02	-	-
5242880	38.68	3.80	-	-

The performance numbers were captured using the following:

- SD Card Sandisk Ultra 16G Class 10 [UHS-1] SDHC card
- File System: ext2
- Partition was mounted with async option

VFAT file system

SD - Write Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	
Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	11.32	3.95	-	-
262144	11.2	4.12	-	-
1048576	11.57	3.93	-	-
5242880	11.53	4.02	-	-

SD - Read Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	

Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	36.25	4.18	-	-
262144	36.70	2.87	-	-
1048576	36.73	4.41	-	-
5242880	36.69	3.4	-	-

## EMMC Performance and Benchmarks

### IMPORTANT

The performance numbers can be severely affected if the media is mounted in sync mode. Hot plug scripts in the filesystem mount removable media in sync mode to ensure data integrity. For performance sensitive applications, unmount the auto-mounted filesystem and re-mount in async mode.

### VFAT file system

#### EMMC - Write Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	
Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	10.3	3.74	-	-
262144	10.68	4.12	-	-
1048576	10.68	3.59	-	-
5242880	10.69	3.78	-	-

#### EMMC - Read Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	
Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	67.91	7.24	-	-
262144	68.13	5.07	-	-
1048576	68.11	7.89	-	-
5242880	67.51	10	-	-

The performance numbers were captured using the following:

- File System: ext4
- Partition was mounted with async option

### EXT4 file system

#### EMMC - Write Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	
Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	11.34	3.27	-	-
262144	11.33	2.83	-	-
1048576	11.36	2.78	-	-
5242880	11.37	2.84	-	-

#### EMMC - Read Performance values

Platform	DRA75x		DRA72x	

Buffer Size (in Bytes)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)	Transfer Rate (in MBytes/sec)	CPU Load (in %)
102400	62.92	6.06	-	-
262144	62.66	6.36	-	-
1048576	70.39	6.78	-	-
5242880	62.89	6.13	-	-

The performance numbers were captured using the following:

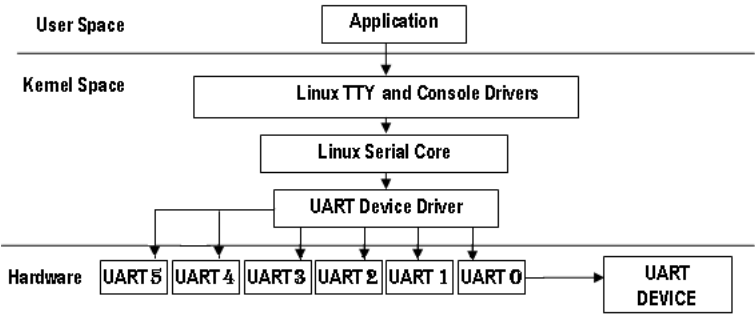
- File System: vfat
- Partition was mounted with async option

## UART Driver

This chapter provides details on UART driver.

### Introduction

The UART driver is implemented as a serial driver, and can be accessed from user space as /dev/ttyOX(X=0-5)



### Features Not Supported

- Hardware Flow Control due to board limitation
- UART DMA mode not supported

### Supported System Calls

open(),close(),read(),write(),ioctl()

### Supported IOCTLs

Constant	Description
TIOCGSERIAL	Gets device parameters from the UART (example, port type, port num, baud rate, base divisor, and so on.
TIOCSSERIAL	Sets UART device parameters (example, port type, port num, baud rate, base divisor, and so on)

### Performance and Benchmarks

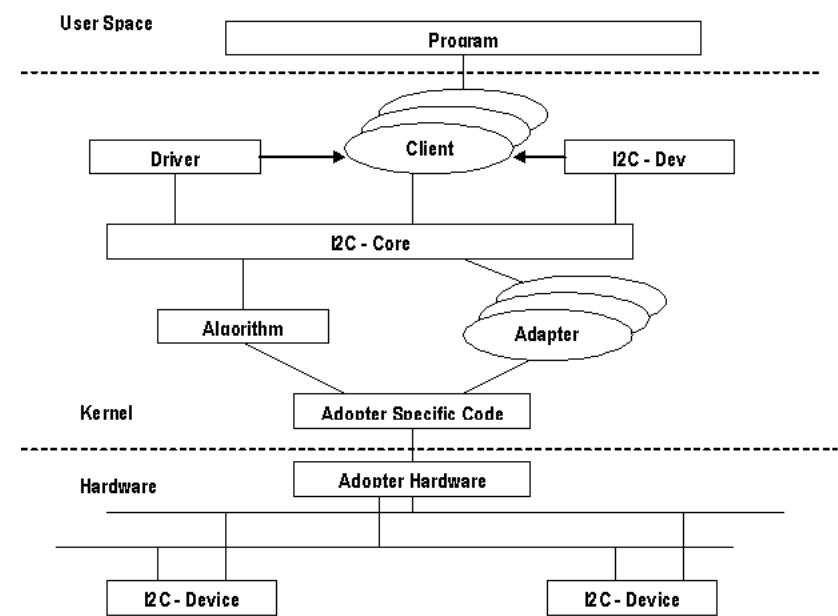
Performance and Benchmarks not available in this release.

# I2C Driver

This chapter provides details on I2C driver.

## Introduction

The I2C peripheral is compliant with the Philips Semiconductor I2C-bus specification version 2.1. The I2C driver is implemented as a serial driver. The I2C driver can be accessed from the user space as /dev/i2c/o.



## Driver Features

The driver supports the following features:

1. 7-bit addressing mode
2. Fast mode
3. Interrupt mode

## Features Not Supported

1. 7-bit and 10-bit addressing combined format is not supported
2. DMA mode is not supported

## Supported System Calls

open(),close(),read(),write(),ioctl()

## Supported IOCTLs

Constant	Description
I2C_SLAVE_FORCE	Changes slave address. Slave address is 7 or 10 bits. This changes the address, even if it is already considered.
I2C_FUNCS	Gets the adapter functionality
I2C_RDWR	Combined R/W transfer (one stop only)

## Performance and Benchmarks

Performance and Benchmarks not available in this release.

# VIP Driver

Introduction

The Video Input Port (VIP) is a V4L2 based video capture driver.

Driver Features

- V4L2 Single planar ioctls supported.
- Supports MMAP and DMABUF buffering methods
- Multi instance capture support
- Simultaneous capture from multiple ports
- Configurable video interfaces via endpoint nodes in DT
- Supports discrete/embedded sync, 8/16/24 bit bus, YUYV and RGB format cameras
- Capture upto 60 fields/frames per second
- Selection of muxed cameras through device tree
- Multi channel CVBS camera capture

Features Not Supported

Following features are not supported at this point of time.

- Inline Color Space Conversion support
- Inline Scaling support.
- Multi planar buffer support
- Runtime selection of cameras
- Media controller framework

Constraints

- TI evm has a conflict between I2C signals and HDMI DDC.

Therefore, the sensor drivers which are controlled via I2C won't work when these pins are in HDMI DDC mode

Supported System Calls

- Standard V4L2 Capture ioctls
- No custom ioctls needed

Performance Benchmarks

The following performance benchmarks were measured on DRA7xx

- IRQ latency
  - The average IRQ latency of the interrupts to the VIP driver is measured as the time difference between a VPDMA list post and VIP ISR callback
  - A zero sized list post would generate IRQ immediately
  - When measured across 1002 samples, the average interrupt latency is 15.94 us
  - Peak IRQ latency is 138 us
  - For all the following latencies, IRQ latency is not considered
- Capture latency
  - average capture latency is the time taken by the driver to make the buffer available for the userspace
  - It is calculated as the time difference between the IRQ and the time where DQBUF ioctl returns
  - This would vary based on the size of the captured buffer
- Capture display latency
  - Average capture display latency is the time difference between the time a buffer was captured and the time when it was given for display
  - This is the total latency between end of the capture frame and start of display frame

Following table shows latencies for different capture sizes

Capture display performance on DRA7xx				
Capture size	Capture latency (J6)	Capture Display latency (J6)	Capture latency (J6Eco)	Capture Display latency (J6Eco)
720x240 60fps (Analog decoder TVP5158)	129us	253us	-	-
1280x720 30fps (Digital OV camera)	146us	274us	-	-

- multi instance capture latency
  - Following table shows latencies for for multi instance capture scenario
  - Here, five different VIP ports are used to capture from LVDS cameras
  - All the captures are at 1280x720 YUYV format at 30fps



**VIP driver Capture latency multi-instance**

Capture thread	Average capture latency
LVDS cam1	180us
LVDS cam2	302us
LVDS cam3	225us
LVDS cam4	208us
LVDS cam5	204us

## VPE Driver

---

### Introduction

Video processing Engine(VPE) is a V4L2 Mem to Mem driver. It supports video operations such as scaling, colour space conversion and deinterlacing.

### Driver Features

Video processing Engine(VPE) supports following formats for scaling, csc and deinterlacing:

- Supported Input formats: NV12, YUYV, UYVY
- Supported Output formats: NV12, YUYV, UYVY, RGB24, BGR24, ARGB24, ABGR24
- Inline Scaling supports
- Horizontal up-scaling up to 8x and Downscaling up to 4x using Pre-decimation filter.
- Vertical up-scaling up to 8x and Polyphase down-scaling up to 4x followed by RAV scaling.
- V4L2 M2M Multiplanar ioctl() supported.
- Multiple V4L2 device context supported.

### Features Not Supported

- Following formats are not supported : YUV444, YVYU, VYUY, NV16, NV61, NV21, 16bit and Lower RGB formats are not supported.
- Passing of custom scaler and CSC coefficients through user spcase are not supported.
- Only Linear scaling is supported without peaking and trimming.
- Deinterlacer does not support film mode detection.

### Constraints

- VPE functional clock is restricted to 266Mhz due to HW constraints.

### Supported System Calls

- Standard v4l2 m2m ioctls

### Performance benchmarks

- Frames per second (FPS)
  - FPS is the total number of frames processed by VPE per second
  - FPS for a mem2mem device like VPE depends on the size of the data that is being processed.
  - As VPE performs deinterlacing, scaling, color space conversion on the fly, FPS value for any of these combination should be same.
  - Following tables shows the fps values for multiple operations measured when VPE is running at 266Mhz

**J6 VPE performance measures**

Operation	Time for 1000 frames	Frames per second	Hardware utilization
DEI 1920 540 yuyv to 1920 1080 yuyv 1	7.94 s	125.94	98.17%
SC 1280 720 yuyv to 1920 1080 yuyv 0	7.89 s	126.74	98.80%
CSC 1920 1080 yuyv to 1920 1080 rgb24 0	7.91 s	126.42	98.55%
CSC + SC 320 240 yuyv to 640 480 nv12 0	1.20 s	833.33	96.24%
DEI + SC 720 240 nv12 to 1280 720 yuyv 1	3.55 s	281.69	97.59%
DEI + CSC 720 240 yuyv to 720 480 yuyv 1	1.36 s	735.29	95.53%

**J6eco VPE performance measures**

Operation	Time for 1000 frames	Frames per second	Hardware utilization
DEI 1920 540 yuyv to 1920 1080 yuyv 1	-	-	-
SC 1280 720 yuyv to 1920 1080 yuyv 0	-	-	-
CSC 1920 1080 yuyv to 1920 1080 rgb24 0	-	-	-
CSC 320 240 yuyv to 640 480 nv12 0	-	-	-
720 240 nv12 to 1280 720 yuyv 1	-	-	-
SC 720 240 yuyv to 720 480 yuyv 1	-	-	-

## USB Driver

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This section gives an overview of the USB DWC3(XHCI) controller driver features supported/not supported, constraints and performance numbers.

### DWC3(XHCI) USB controller

The DWC3 (XHCI) based controller supports following features

- USB1: SuperSpeed (SS) USB 3.0 Dual-Role-Device (DRD) subsystem with integrated SS (USB3.0) PHY and HS/FS (USB2.0) PHY
- USB2: High-Speed (HS) USB 2.0 Dual-Role-Device (DRD) subsystem with integrated HS/FS PHY

#### Features Not Supported

- OTG support (HNP/SRP)

#### Features Supported

- USB Host mode.
- USB Peripheral mode
- USB DRD mode (Dual Role Device)

#### USB Configuration

For USB configuration selection please refer to [USB General Guide Linux \(http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/USB\\_General\\_Guide\\_Linux\\_v3.8#Linux\\_USB\\_Stack\\_Architecture\)](http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/USB_General_Guide_Linux_v3.8#Linux_USB_Stack_Architecture)

#### Driver Features

**The driver supports the following features**

#### DRD (Dual Role Device) support

The DRD (Dual role device) support enable the each instance of controller to configure either as "Host" or "Device" mode. Refer to User's Guide for more details how to configure the controller into DRD mode.

#### Host mode support

##### Host Mode

Host Mode Feature	Supported
HUB class support	Yes
Human Interface Class (HID)	Yes
Mass Storage Class (MSC)	Yes
USB Video Class (UVC)	Yes
USB Audio Class (UAC)	Yes

## USB Mass Storage Class Host Driver

#### Constraint

None

**Supported System Calls**

open(), close(), read(), write(), ioctl()

**Supported IOCTLs**

None

**Performance Benchmarks**

**Setup** : Western Digital Superspeed HDD (500GB) connected to usb1 or usb2 port.  
 SS - SuperSpeed, HS - Highspeed

**USB - ext2 File System Performance****USB Host File write (Ext2) Performance values**

Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X				DRA72X			
	USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)		USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	75.25	15.67	34.80	7.99	-	-	-	-
256	67.48	15.13	35.75	9.73	-	-	-	-
512	76.53	14.56	35.30	8.73	-	-	-	-
1024	73.82	13.70	34.59	10.14	-	-	-	-
5120	73.27	14.91	34.82	9.15	-	-	-	-

**USB Host File Read (Ext2) Performance values**

Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X				DRA72X			
	USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)		USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	99.71	13.57	39.77	4.44	-	-	-	-
256	102.51	12.04	38.56	7.92	-	-	-	-
512	101.93	11.23	38.67	5.05	-	-	-	-
1024	94.96	11.76	39.51	5.89	-	-	-	-
5120	100.31	13.85	39.46	4.02	-	-	-	-

**USB - VFAT File System Performance****USB Host File write (vfat) Performance values**

Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X				DRA72X			
	USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)		USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	49.52	20.64	26.04	10.49	-	-	-	-
256	50.47	21.00	26.81	12.03	-	-	-	-
512	51.13	21.41	26.10	11.55	-	-	-	-
1024	52.24	23.10	26.90	11.14	-	-	-	-
5120	49.56	22.46	26.43	10.75	-	-	-	-

**USB Host File Read (vfat) Performance values**

Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X				DRA72X			
	USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)		USB1(SS)		USB2(HS)	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	98.68	17.10	32.93	05.64	-	-	-	-
256	88.53	15.53	32.99	05.68	-	-	-	-
512	91.08	16.04	33.37	06.84	-	-	-	-
1024	92.00	15.46	32.54	04.89	-	-	-	-
5120	91.96	16.75	32.09	03.71	-	-	-	-

## USB Peripheral mode Support

### NCM Gadget Support

The NCM(Network control Model) gadget driver that is used to send standard Ethernet frames using USB. The driver will create an Ethernet device by the name usbo.

### Driver Features

Supports default DMA mode.

### Features Not Supported

None

### Constraint

None

### Supported System Calls

open(), close(), read(), write(), ioctl()

### Supported IOCTLs

None

### Performance Benchmarks

Performance benchmarks were collected using the Iperf tool and default options were used to collect the throughput numbers.

### USB NCM Gadget Performance

```
Setup : EVM as client and Linux Host PC as server
command at EVM: iperf -c <linux host ip_adr> -w <8|16|32|64|128>K -t 60 -d
command at Host: iperf -s
```

#### USB NCM Gadget Performance values - Client

TCP Window Size(in KBytes)	DRA75X	DRA72X
	Mbps	Mbps
16	09.50	-
32	19.75	-
64	38.90	-
128	154.0	-

- DRA75X: The cpu load is 26% for 128K window size, for 16K, 32K, 64K the cpu load is 6%.

## SATA Driver

The SATA controller compliance to Serial ATA Standard specification (revision 2.6) and Serial ATA Advanced Host Controller Interface Specification (AHCI) revision 1.1. The AHCI based SATA host controller supports both Gen1/2 speeds, 1.5-Gbps (SATA-1) and 3Gbps (SATA-2)

- Please refer Technical Reference Module for more information.
- Registers as a SCSI controller with the Linux SCSI Subsystem. SATA devices get registered as SCSI devices and can be accessed as `"/dev/sd{*}"` devices.

The driver supports the following features:

1. SATA HDD
2. CD/DVD support

\* Enable CONFIG\_ISO9660\_FS through menuconfig (Menuconfig->File Systems->CD-ROM/DVD Filesystem->"ISO 9660 CDROM file system support")

\* Enable CONFIG\_BLK\_DEV\_SR through menuconfig (Menuconfig->Device Drivers->Scsi Device Support->"SCSI CD ROM support")

3. Port Multiplier support

\* Enable CONFIG\_SATA\_PMP through menuconfig (Menuconfig->Device Drivers->Serial ATA and Paralle ATA drivers->SATA Port Multiplier support)

Features Not Supported

- None.

Constraints

Supported System Calls

All Linux ATA/SCSI system calls related to SATA

Supported IOCTLs

Supports IOCTLs available in Linux SCSI and ATA frameworks and which are applicable for SATA. Refer kernel source or documentation for details.

Performance and Benchmarks

- Western Digital 500GB (3Gbps)SATA (16M cache) HDD is used to measure the performance data

SATA - ext2 File System Performance

SATA File write (Ext2) Performance values				
Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X		DRA72X	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	94.76	10.59	-	-
256	92.25	10.43	-	-
512	93.38	10.72	-	-
1024	94.89	10.60	-	-
5120	94.70	10.48	-	-

SATA File Read (Ext2) Performance values				
Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X		DRA72X	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	125.91	08.70	-	-
256	124.81	08.59	-	-
512	124.94	09.77	-	-
1024	126.09	09.77	-	-
5120	125.42	09.98	-	-

SATA - VFAT File System Performance

**SATA File write (vfat) Performance values**

Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X		DRA72X	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	68.43	23.38	-	-
256	68.66	23.94	-	-
512	68.11	23.74	-	-
1024	68.20	23.60	-	-
5120	68.67	23.73	-	-

**SATA File Read (vfat) Performance values**

Buffer Size (in KBytes)	DRA75X		DRA72X	
	MB/sec	cpu load (%)	MB/sec	cpu load (%)
100	126.85	10.52	-	-
256	125.46	10.74	-	-
512	126.60	11.50	-	-
1024	126.21	11.07	-	-
5120	126.85	11.68	-	-

## Power Management

---

### Introduction

DRA7xx provides a rich set of power management features. The features include Clock control at module level, multiple power and voltage domains etc. It also provides the typical power consumption observed for different scenarios.

**Lock Frequency of various PLLs**

IP	DRA75x Frequency (MHz)	DRA72x Frequency (MHz)
<b>MPU</b>	As per OPP (1000/1176/1500)	As per OPP (1000/1176/1500)
<b>IPU</b>	212.8	212.8
<b>DSP</b>	700	700
<b>IVA</b>	532	532
<b>SGX</b>	425	425
<b>L3</b>	266	266
<b>DDR</b>	532	666

### MPU DVFS (CPUFreq)

CPU is not loaded evenly during execution. This provides an opportunity to save power by adjusting/scaling voltage and frequency based on the current cpu load. A set of frequency and voltage is called an OPP (Operating performance Point) which are arrived at during silicon characterization and are guaranteed to be working combination for desired performance.

As per Data Manual, DRA7xx supports following OPP for MPU: OPP\_NOM, OPP\_OD and OPP\_HIGH

- In GLSDK Kernel, the supported OPPs are dynamically updated by reading device speed-grade register. If a device can't run at 1.5 GHz as per the efused speed grade then the OPP\_HIGH will be removed from supported OPPs dynamically during kernel boot.

**Note:** On a few DRA72x samples the efused speed grade value is wrong and on such devices only OPP\_NOM is supported.

## Power Measurement

This section indicates the power measured for all power rails at OPP\_NOM in different scenarios/use-cases.

Power measurements are done using FTDI (FT2232HL - I2C over USB) module on **DRA75x EVM Rev E1 - ES 1.1**.

**Note:** Following measurements are not applicable for DRA72x

1) At kernel Prompt - no application is running @ OPP\_NOM

Device	Bus(V)	Sense Res(uV)	Current(mA)	Power(mW)
VDD_DSPEVE	1.05	114.25	114.25	119.1
VDD_MPU	1.03	151.83	151.83	154.91
DDR_CPU	1.35	1553.38	310.68	418.34
VDDA_1V8_PLL	1.8	314.38	31.44	56.34
VDD_GPU	0.98	-0.92	-0.46	-0.45
VUSB_3V3	3.29	15.83	1.59	5.21
VDDS18V	1.81	844.18	84.42	152.77
VDD_SHV	3.27	25.43	25.43	83.02
CORE_VDD	0.99	1085.35	542.68	536.68
VDD_IVA	1.11	22.08	11.04	12.18
DDR_MEM	1.35	696.88	139.38	187.93
VDDA_1V8_PHY	1.8	1114.16	111.42	200.12
<b>Total Power</b>	<b>1926.15 mW</b>			

2) Dual AV decode and dual display @ 1080p@30fps, at OPP\_NOM (using Userspace governor)

Device	Bus(V)	Sense Res(uV)	Current(mA)	Power(mW)
VDD_DSPEVE	1.05	118.05	118.05	123.12
VDD_MPU	1.03	459.35	459.35	470.44
DDR_CPU	1.35	2184.53	436.91	587.91
VDDA_1V8_PLL	1.8	341.48	34.15	61.19
VDD_GPU	0.99	370.23	185.12	182.14
VUSB_3V3	3.29	16	1.61	5.27
VDDS18V	1.82	1238.95	123.9	224.38
VDD_SHV	3.27	42.8	42.8	139.68
CORE_VDD	1	1314.75	657.38	651.8
VDD_IVA	1.12	323.53	161.77	180.17
DDR_MEM	1.36	2226	445.21	601.34
VDDA_1V8_PHY	1.8	1117.16	111.72	200.64
<b>Total Power</b>	<b>3428.08 mW</b>			

3) V4L2 capture and (loop-back) display @ 1080p@30fps, at OPP\_NOM (using Userspace governor)

Device	Bus(V)	Sense Res(uV)	Current(mA)	Power(mW)
VDD_DSPEVE	1.05	143.81	143.8	149.79
VDD_MPU	1.02	181.28	181.28	183.19
DDR_CPU	1.35	1353.05	270.62	364.1
VDDA_1V8_PLL	1.8	323.75	32.38	58.05
VDD_GPU	1.02	270.4	135.2	136.87
VUSB_3V3	3.3	13.6	1.37	4.48
VDDS18V	1.81	1029.88	102.99	186.06
VDD_SHV	3.27	69.2	69.2	225.62
CORE_VDD	0.97	1105.48	552.74	531.92
VDD_IVA	1.11	29.75	14.88	16.43
DDR_MEM	1.35	678.3	135.67	182.4
VDDA_1V8_PHY	1.79	1143.3	114.34	204.13
<b>Total Power</b>	<b>2243.04 mW</b>			

# Filesystem

The filesystem is built using the yocto build system. More information on the build system refer to [Building\\_Yocto\\_Filesystem](http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/DRA7xx_GLSDK_K_Software_Developers_Guide#Building_Yocto_Filesystem) ([http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/DRA7xx\\_GLSDK\\_K\\_Software\\_Developers\\_Guide#Building\\_Yocto\\_Filesystem](http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/DRA7xx_GLSDK_K_Software_Developers_Guide#Building_Yocto_Filesystem))

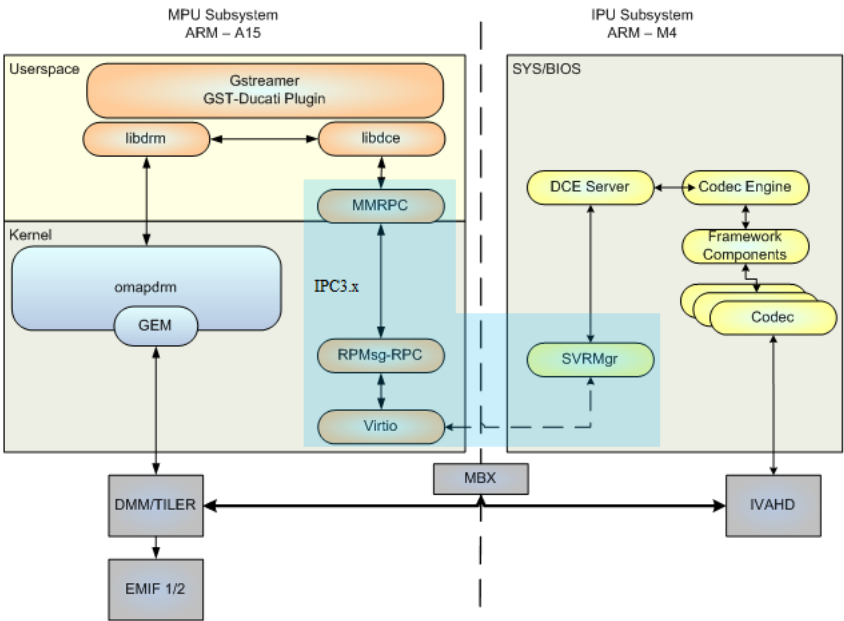
Filesystem information

System initialization	System V
Compressed filesystem size	347MB
Uncompressed filesystem size	1.1GB

# Multimedia

## Introduction

Multimedia consist of hardware accelerated video decoder(IVAHD). IVAHD subsystem is used for video decoding/encoding through libdce interface.



## Supported Codecs

- MJPEG decoder - version 01.00.12.01
- H264 decoder - version 02.00.17.01
- MPEG4 decoder - version 01.00.15.01
- VC1 decoder - version 01.00.02.00
- MPEG2 decoder - version 01.00.14.01
- MPEG4 Encoder - Version 01.00.02.01
- H264 Encoder - Version 02.00.08.01

## Supported Playback Application

GStreamer version 1.2 with following display sinks:

- waylandsink
- kmssink

Viddec3test: application that demonstrates viddec3 API usage for video decode and display (using KMS).

## Features Not Supported



- viddec3test doesn't support mpeg1 video playback
- viddec3test doesn't support h264 level 5 streams

## Constraints

- Dual decode with two h264 1080p streams with atleast one of them as level 5 stream is not supported
- Pipelines mentioned in [http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/DRA7xx\\_GLSDK\\_Software\\_Developers\\_Guide](http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/DRA7xx_GLSDK_Software_Developers_Guide) are only supported

## Performance Benchmarks

**IVAHD performance on DRA7xx**

Stream Resolution	J6		J6Eco		Opp Frequency
	IVAHD load	FPS	IVAHD load	FPS	
CIF	43%	226	-	-	IVAHD at 532MHz IPU at 212MHz
720p	76%	131	-	-	
1080p	87%	75	-	-	

- Performance is calculated using the gstreamer video decoder application with the following command :

gst-launch-1.0 playbin uri=file:/// <Path to stream> video-sink="kmssink sync=false" audio-sink=fakesink flags=1

# Graphics

## SGX544-MP2

### Introduction

The SGX544-MP2 is a multicore (dual-core) evolution of the PowerVR® SGX544 GPU from Imagination Technologies. The 3D graphics processing unit (GPU) accelerates 3-dimensional (3D) graphics applications and 2-dimensional (2D) composition operations.

### Driver Features

The following specifications are supported on the platform:

- OpenGL ES 1.0
- OpenGL ES 1.1
- OpenGL ES 2.0
- EGL 1.4

### Features Not Supported

The following specifications are not supported on the platform:

- OpenVG
- OpenGL ES 3.0

## Performance Benchmarks

The following performance benchmarks were measured on DRA7xx with 10" LCD as the only connected display and DRM/KMS as the display backend.

**GLBenchmark 2.5 performance on DRA7xx**

Benchmark	Test Number	FPS	
		DRA75x	DRA72x
GLBenchmark 2.1 Egypt Classic ETC1 - C16Z16	2000000	173	-
GLBenchmark 2.5 Egypt HD ETC1 - C24Z24MS4	2500003	35	-
GLBenchmark 2.5 Egypt HD ETC1 - C24Z16 Fixed timestep	2500005	31	-
GLBenchmark 2.5 Egypt HD ETC1 - C24Z16	2501001	38	-
GLBenchmark 2.5 Egypt HD PVRTC4 - C24Z16	2501101	38	-
GLBenchmark 2.5 Egypt HD ETC1->565 - C24Z16	2501401	38	-

Benchmark	Test Number	Mtriangles/sec	
		DRA75x	DRA72x
Triangle throughput: Textured 888 - C24Z16	2500301	76.88	-
Triangle throughput: Textured 888 - C24Z16 Vertex lit	2500401	63.99	-
Triangle throughput: Textured 888 - C24Z16 Fragment lit	2500501	60.93	-

Benchmark	Test Number	FPS		MTexels/sec	
		DRA75x	DRA72x	DRA75x	DRA72x
Fill rate 888 - C24Z16	2500101	47	-	1160	-

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